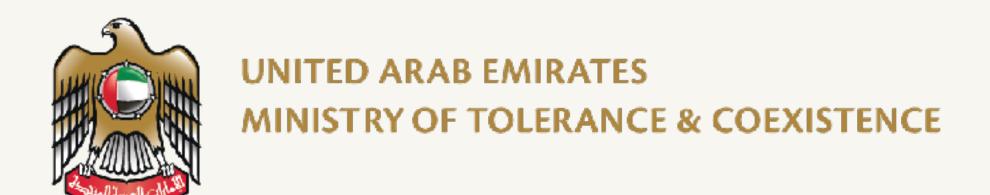


Madar

# Tolerance Workshops

2025

We will begin shortly...





Please scan the QR code to make sure that your attendance is recorded.

https://forms.office.com/r/MEQWBZfMgz

Practical skills for capturing and creating impactful content.

Online
Session
Schedule

Wednesday, 12th February, 2025 | 6-7pm

From Idea to Concept

What makes a powerful short film project on tolerance?

Wednesday, 19th February, 2025 | 6-7pm

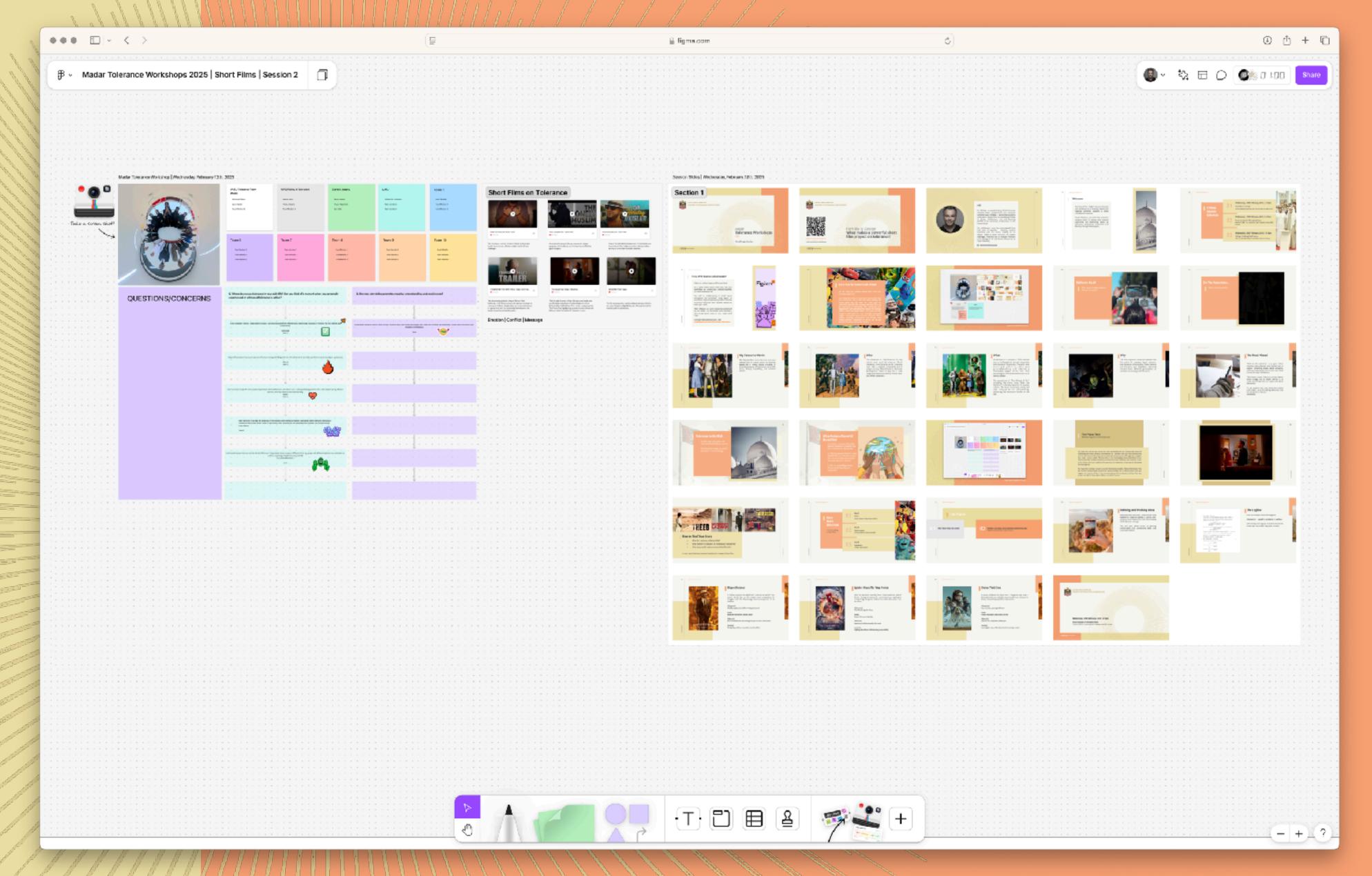
Visual Execution & Filmmaking Basics

Practical skills for capturing and creating impactful content.

Wednesday, 26th February, 2025 | 6-7pm

Editing & Polishing Final Projects

How to edit effectively on a mobile device or laptop.



UAEU Tolerance Team (Male)	UAEU Unity in Tolerance	Zayed's Legacy	UAEU	Team 5
Mohamed Salem	Hamda alkitbi	Rahma Muktar	Liaisian Lia Fattakhova	Amal Elkhalifa
. Zayed Sultan	Hafsa Alhosani	Khulud Abdulmalik	Team Member 2	Team Member 2
Team Member 3	Team Member 3	Sara Kedir	Team Member 3	Team Member 3
Team 6	Team 7	Team 8	Team 9	Team 10
Team 6 Team Member 1	Team 7  Team Member 1	Team 8	Team 9  Team Member 1	Team 10 Amal Elkhalifa
Team Member 1	Team Member 1	Team Member 1	Team Member 1	Amal Elkhalifa
Team Member 1 Team Member 2	Amal Elkhalifa Team Member 2			
Team Member 1 Team Member 2	Amal Elkhalifa Team Member 2			
Team Member 1 Team Member 2	Amal Elkhalifa Team Member 2			

# The Various Stages of Film Production

Pre-production

Production

Post-production

#### **The Brief**

The client briefs us on the goal of the video and a high level concept. STEP O1

STEP

02



Ideation/Story board

Brainstorming creative ideas and laying them out in a shot list / storyboard



Booking locations, finding talent, scheduling the shoot, and finalizing scripts O3

STEP

04



Production
Filming takes place



Post-Production

Editing, color correction, voice-overs, motion graphics STEP 05



Final video delivery

# The Various Stages of Film Production

Pre-production

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Ideation/Story board

STEP 02

**Brainstorming creative** ideas and laying them out in a shot list / storyboard

#### Pre-Production

**Booking locations, finding** talent, scheduling the shoot, and finalizing scripts

STEP 03



STEP 04

**Production** Filming takes place

#### Post-Production

Editing, color correction, voice-overs, motion graphics

STEP 05



Final video delivery

# The Various Stages of Film Production

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STEP

04

Production
Filming takes place



#### Post-Production

Editing, color correction, voice-overs, motion graphics STEP 05



Final video delivery

# Define Your Core Message **Script Creation** Creating a script for your mobile short film involves distilling your message into a concise, impactful narrative that engages your audience effectively within a limited timeframe.

#### Narrative Style

Decide whether your short will tell a story (narrative), present facts (documentary), or combine both elements.

#### **Tone and Mood**

Consider the tone (inspiring, informative, urgent) and the mood (hopeful, serious, light-hearted) that best suits your message and audience.

#### Beginning (Setup)

Introduce the topic or characters, setting the scene for your story. Establish the status quo or present a problem related to tolerance.

A beat. Everybody watches Azaria

Until today.

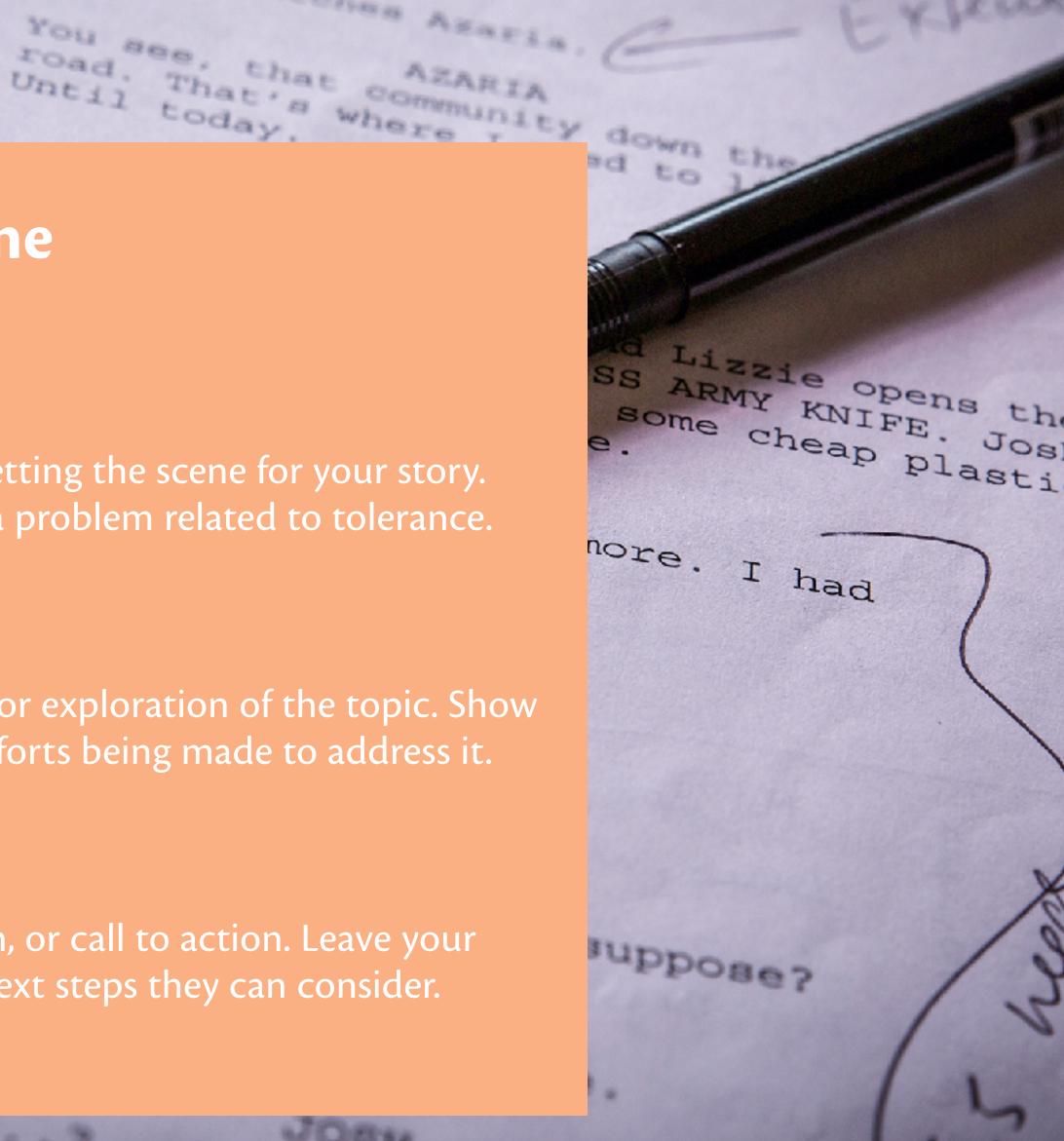
road, That's Where

#### Middle (Conflict/Exploration)

Delve into the challenges, conflicts, or exploration of the topic. Show the impact of the problem or the efforts being made to address it.

#### End (Resolution)

Conclude with a resolution, solution, or call to action. Leave your audience with a clear takeaway or next steps they can consider.



# Write Your Script

Keep dialogue or narration concise and engaging. Every word should serve the purpose of forwarding your message or story.

Since this is for a mobile short, include brief descriptions of key visual elements that will support your narrative and message. Think about how to visually represent concepts in an impactful way.

Include any important technical directions, such as camera angles or movement, especially if these elements are crucial to understanding the story.

# Pre-production

#### Storyboarding

Create a storyboard to visualize the scenes. This involves sketching out frames to represent how each shot will look. It helps in planning the composition and flow of the video.

#### **Scouting Locations**

Find suitable locations for filming. Consider the visual appeal, practicality, and any permissions you might need.

#### Casting

If your video involves people, select actors or participants. This could be professional actors, friends, or even yourself.

## Revise & Refine Your Script/Idea

Share your draft with others to get feedback. Different perspectives can help refine your message and identify areas for improvement.

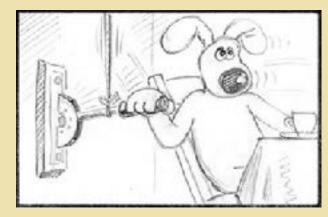
Ensure your script is clear, concise, and can be realistically produced within the constraints of a short mobile film. Aim for a script that fits your intended runtime, typically a few minutes for mobile shorts.



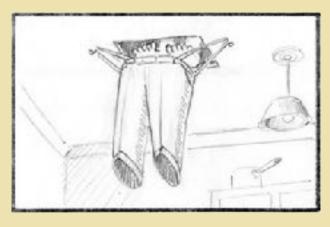


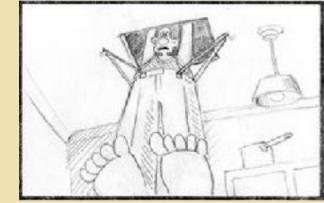


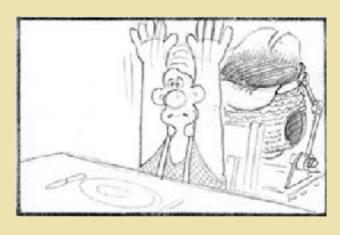












Storyboards



Extreme Wide Shot
Establishing shot. Often of the setting.



Mid Shot Shows the subject from the waist up.



Over the Shoulder Shot
This shot shows what the subject is looking at.



Very Wide Shot

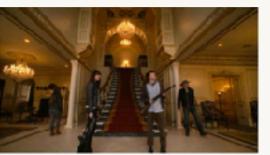
Not as wide as the extreme wide shot. Shows the location.



Medium Close Up Shows the subject from the chest up.



Cut In Focuses on a different part of the subject.



Wide Shot Shows more than just the main subject.

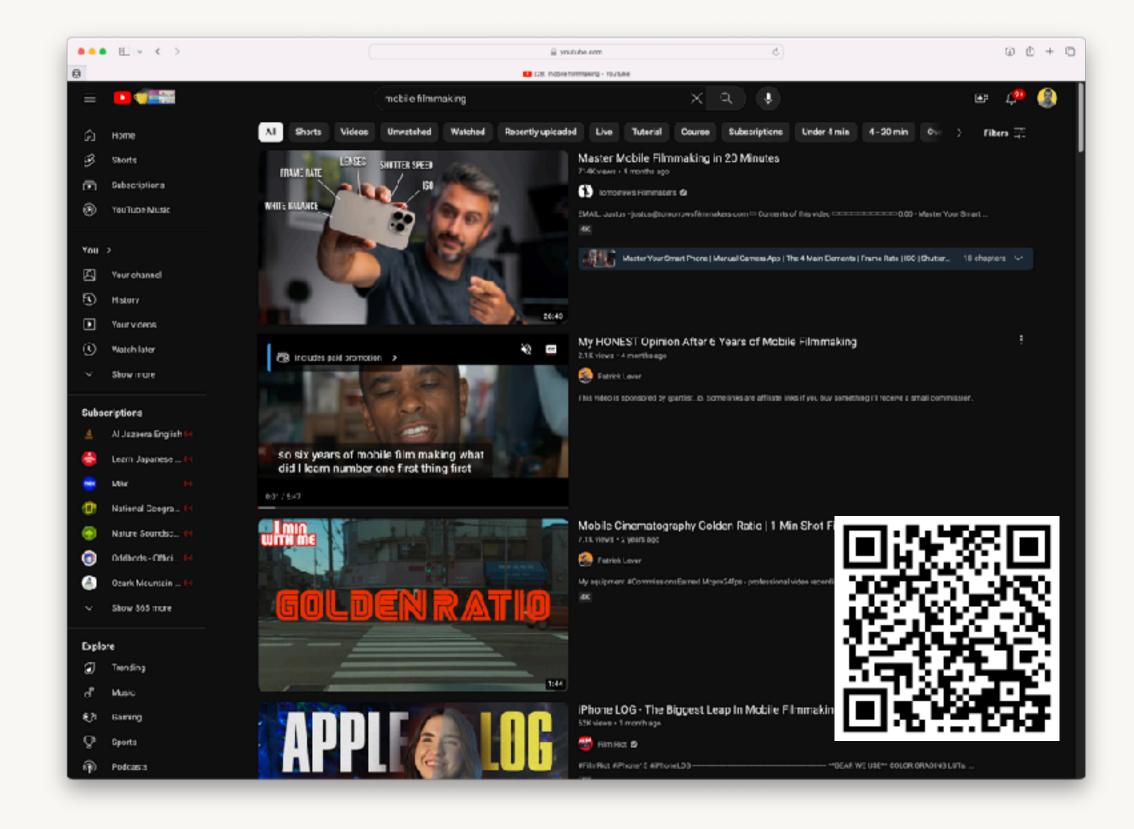


Close Up Shot that frames the subject's face.

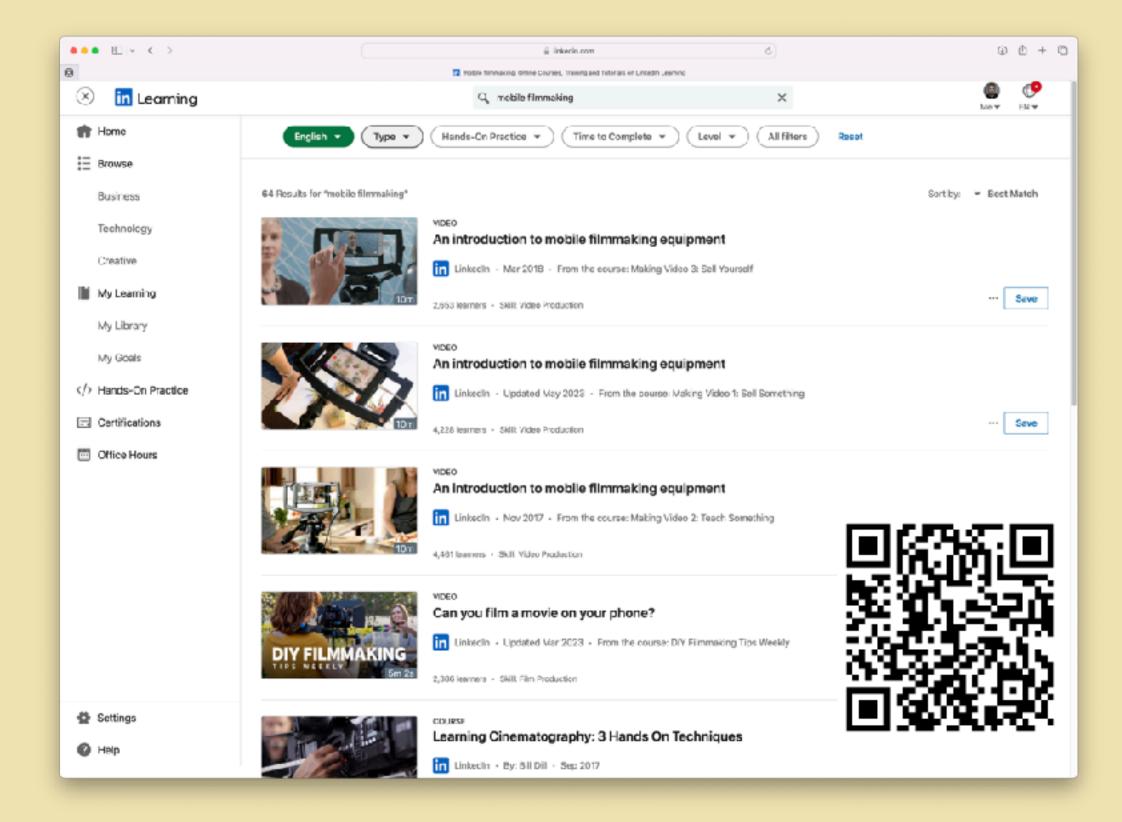


Point of View Shot A shot from the perspective of the subject.

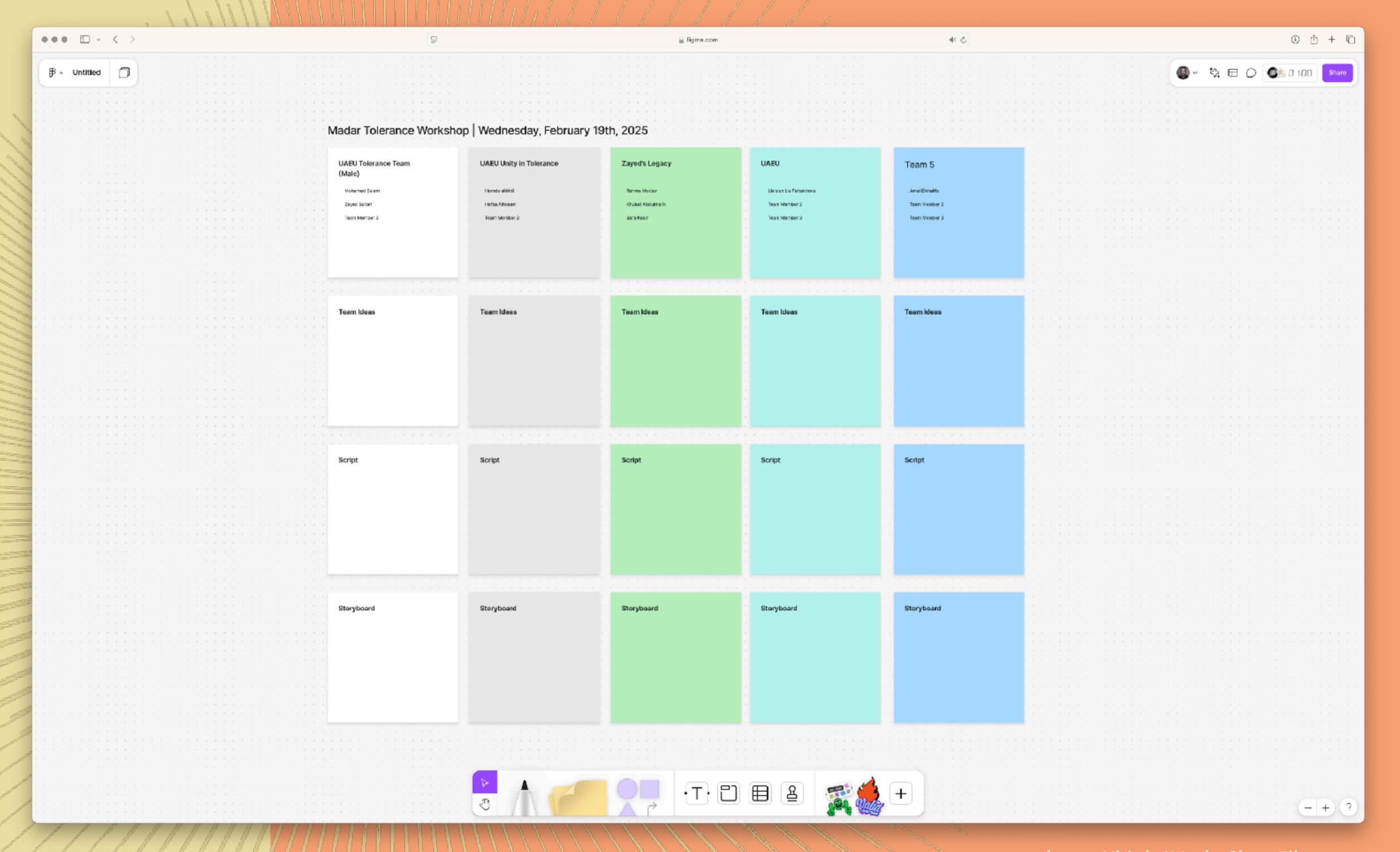
# **Shot Types**

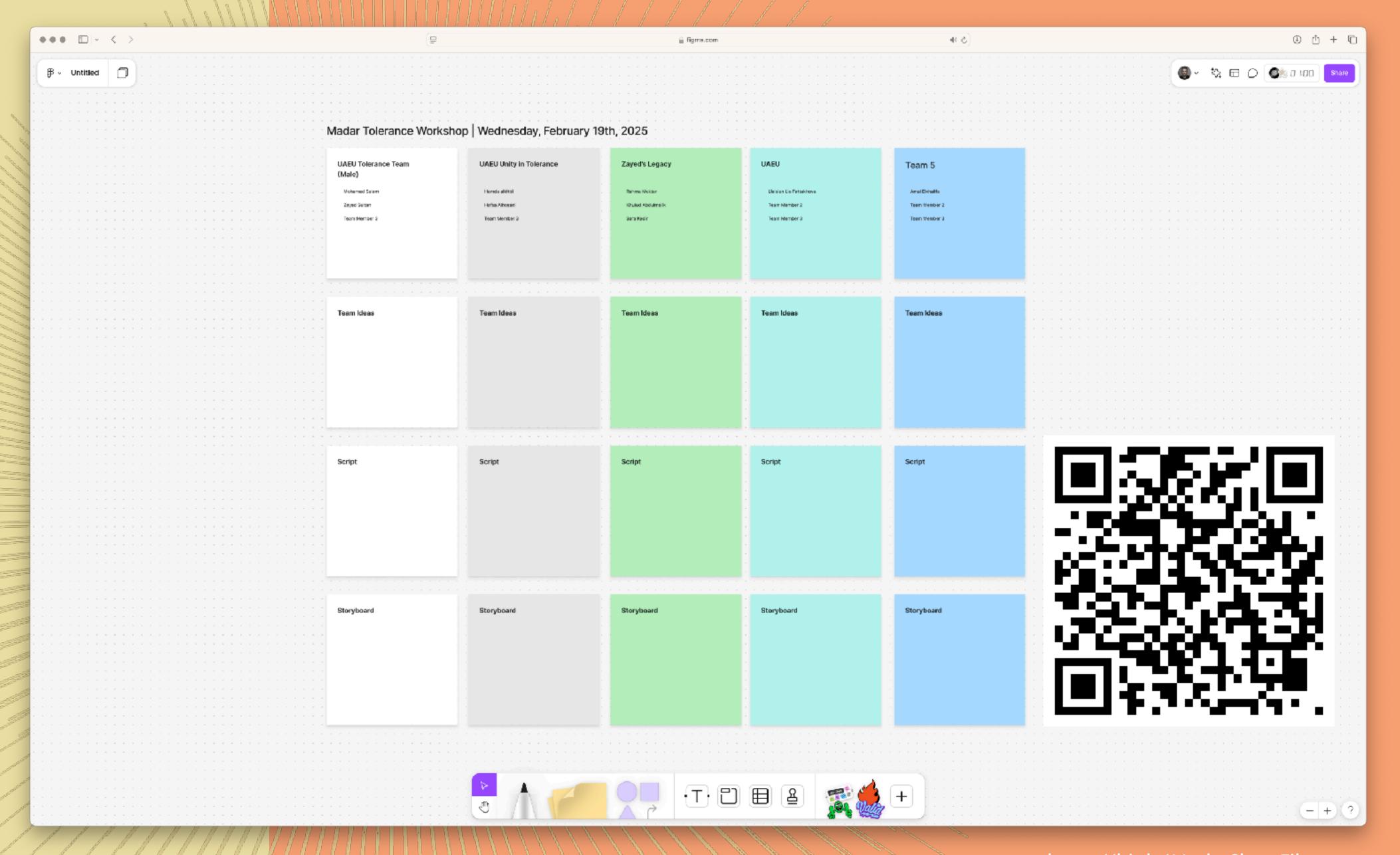


https://bit.ly/YouTubeMobileFilmmaking



#### https://bit.ly/LinkedInMobileFilmmaking





Start with a clear message on tolerance you want to share.

Use your iPhone to research, jot down ideas, and storyboard your vision.

Think about stories that can connect personally with your audience, whether it's through humor, drama, or inspiration.

Society, personal lives, our

a central concept.

on a journey.

of taking risks.

Middle

End

GOOD FOR:

Leverage the iPhone's camera features to their fullest.

Experiment with angles, lighting, and movements to visually express your message about tolerance.

Use time-lapse to show changes over time or slow-motion to highlight specific actions or details.

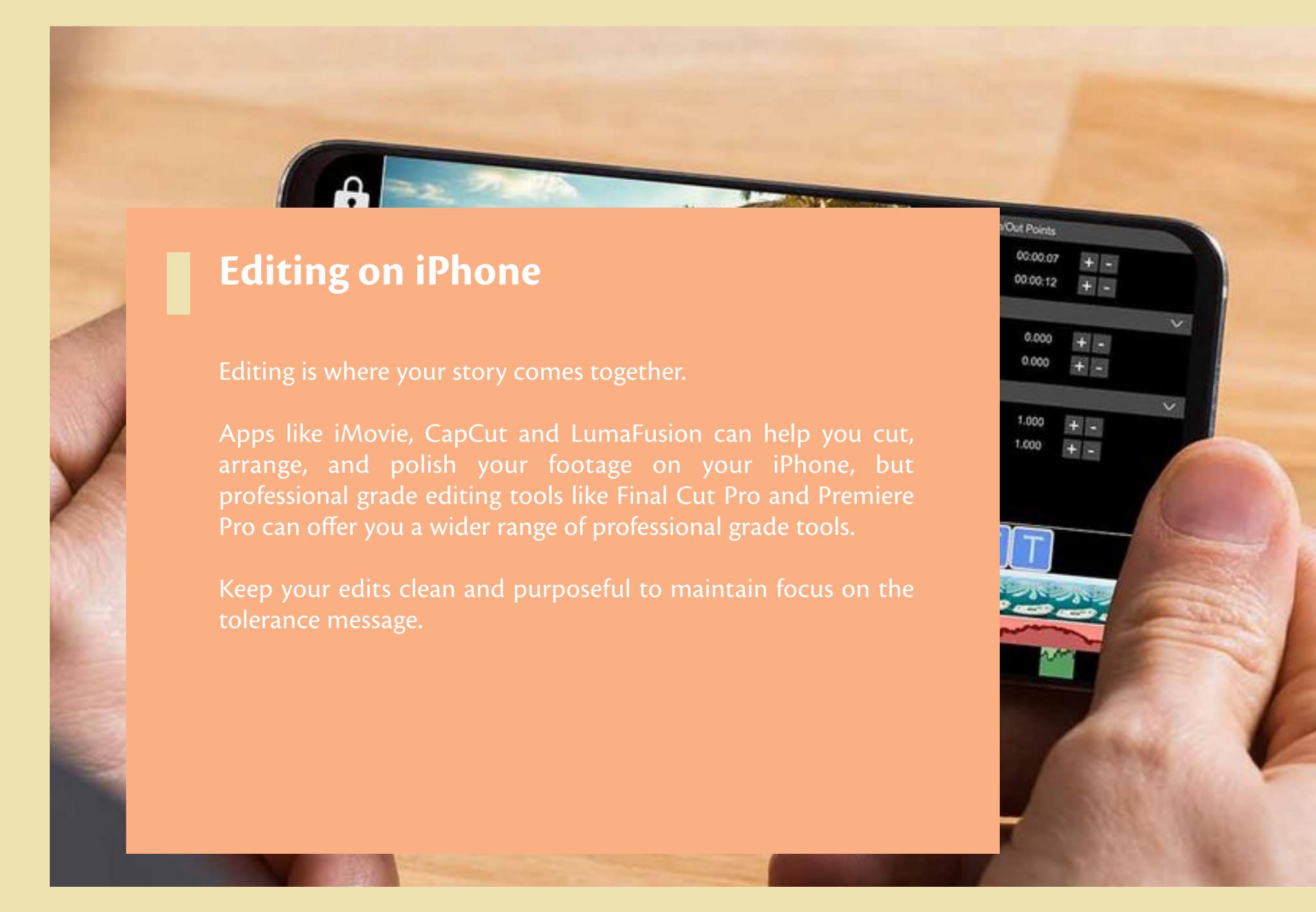
# The Importance of Sound and Music

Sound adds depth to your story.

Use your iPhone to capture natural sounds that emphasize the tolerance theme.

Be mindful of your music choices; they should enhance, not distract from the message.

All music should be ethically sourced. How do we do that?



Sharing your film is a part of the creative process.

Use this opportunity to gather feedback, reflect on your message's impact, and discuss tolerance further.

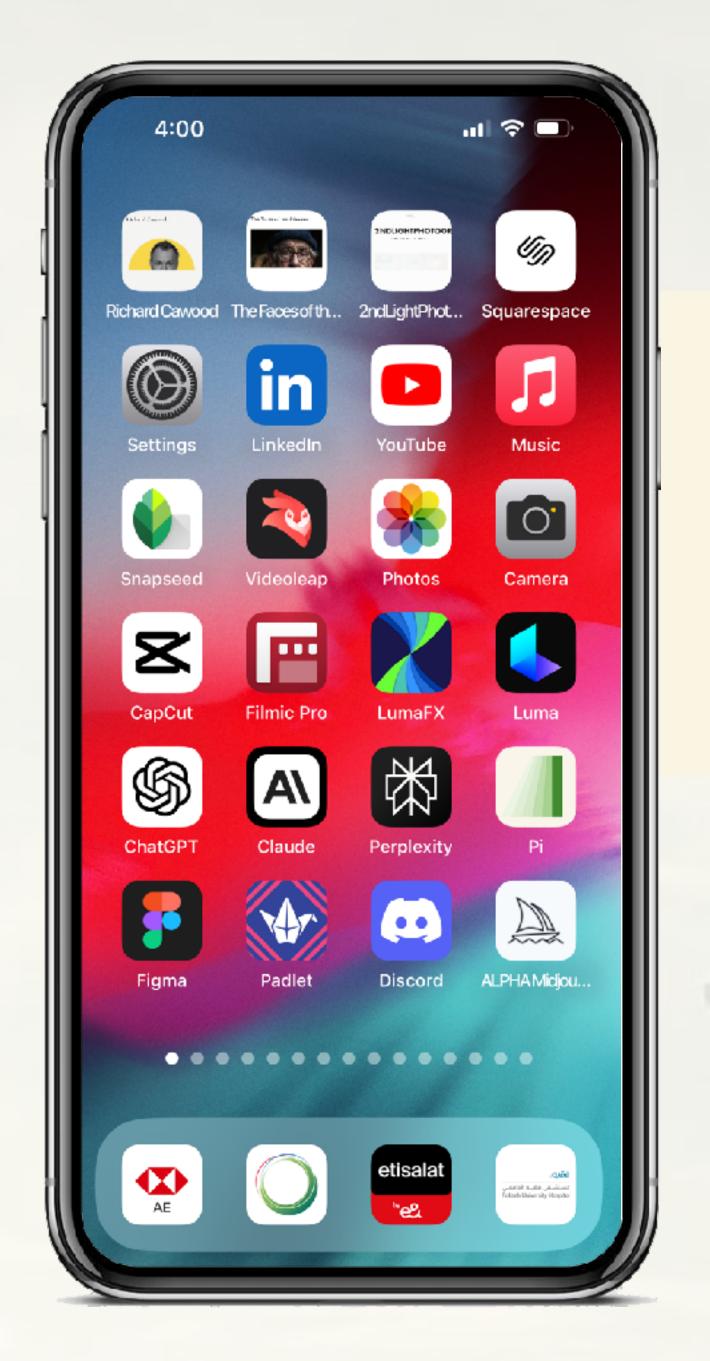
It's a chance to see how your work can influence others.

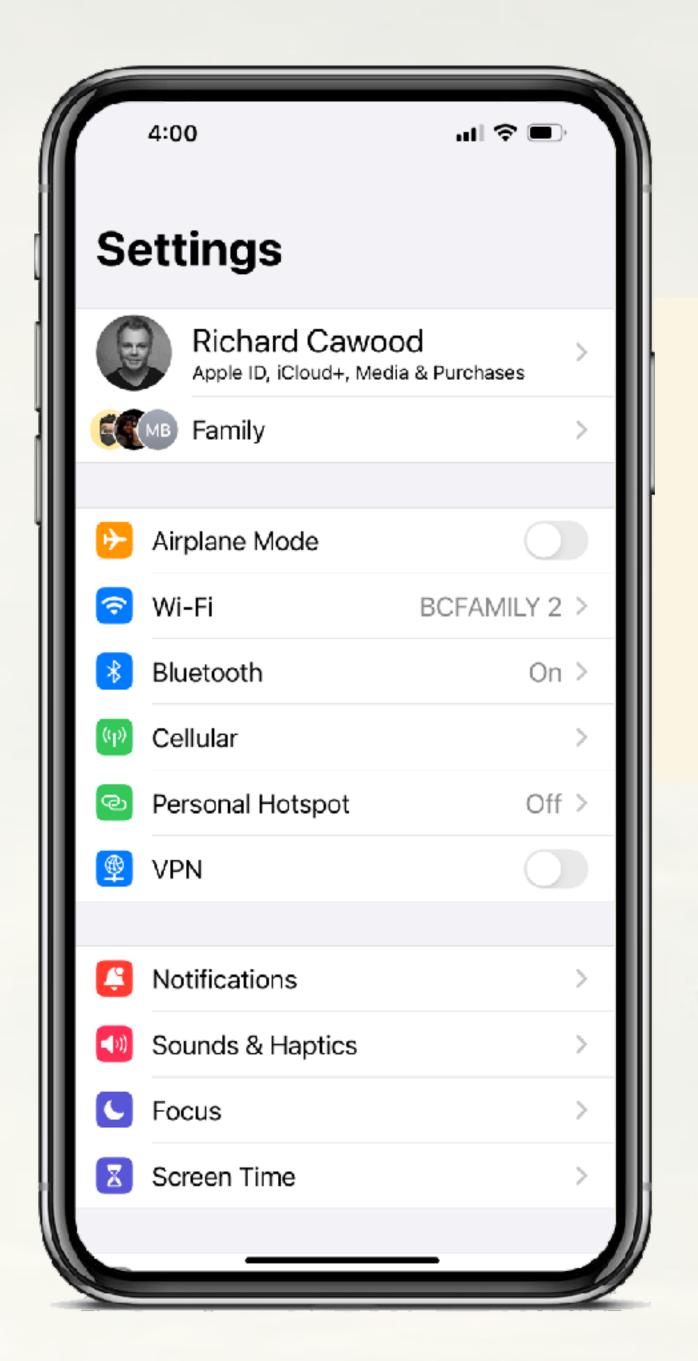
## Your iPhone is more than a camera

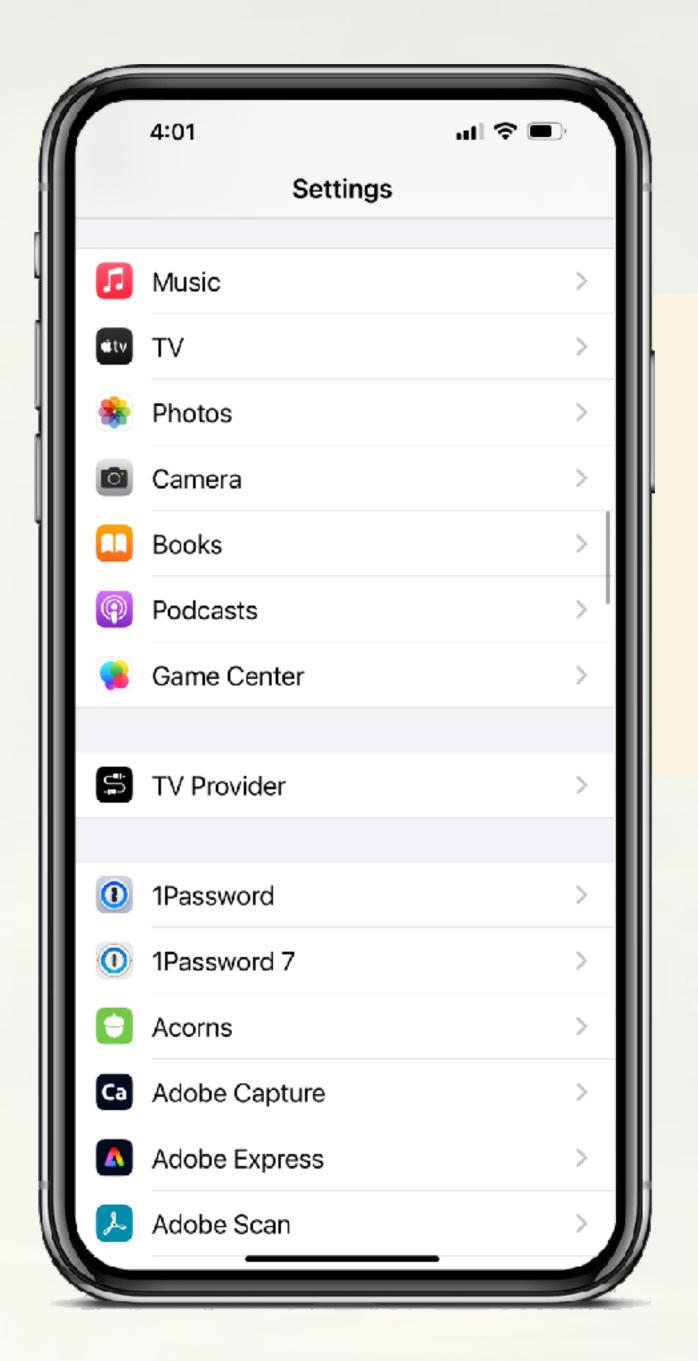
It's a tool for authentic storytelling

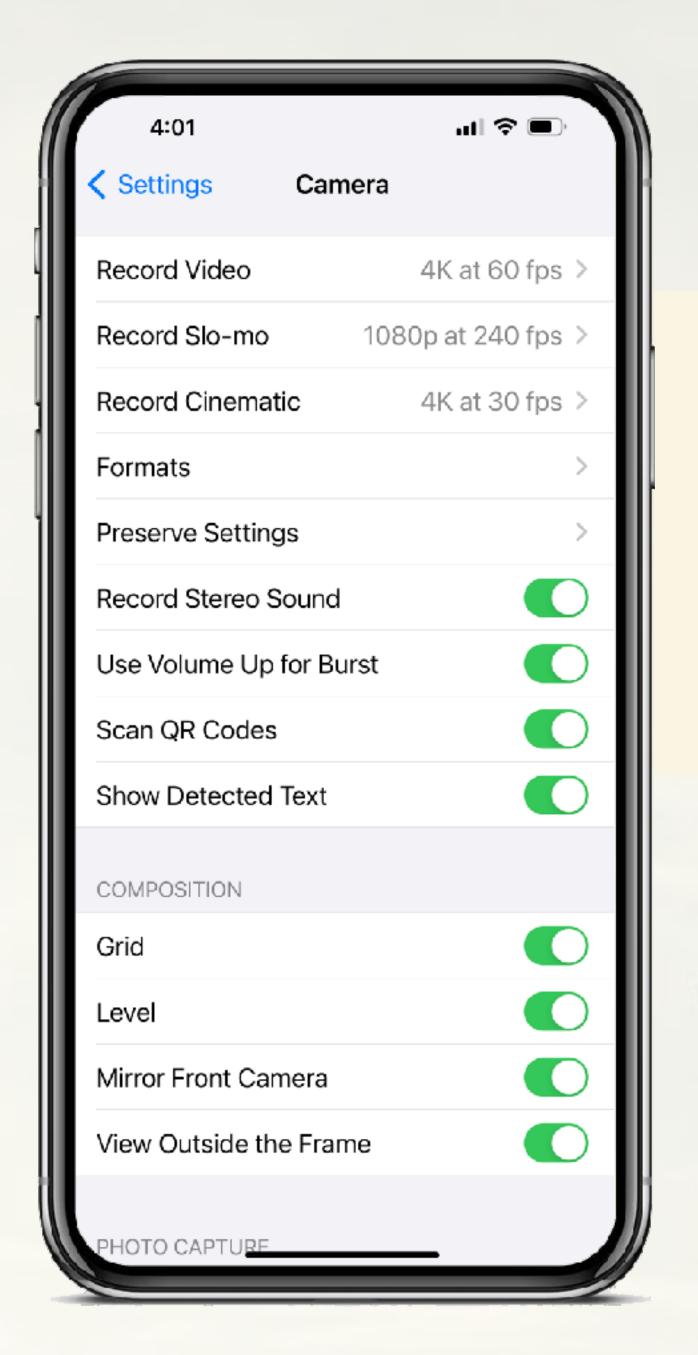


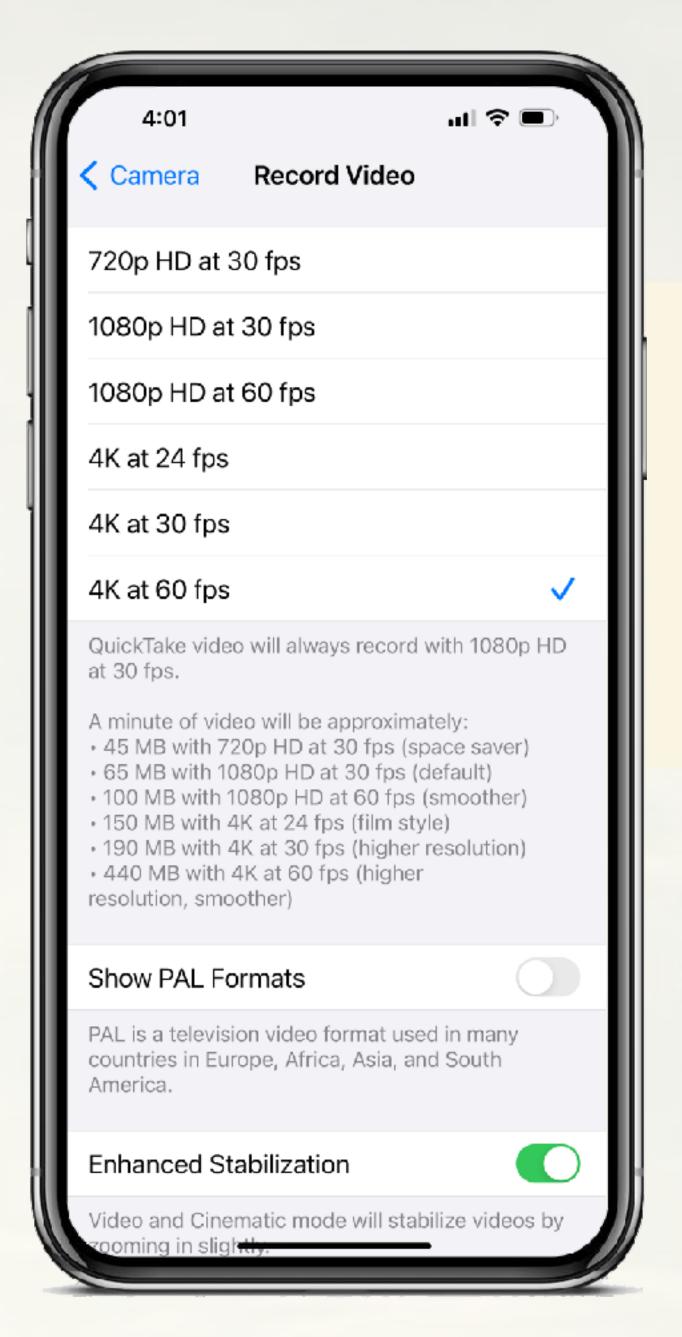


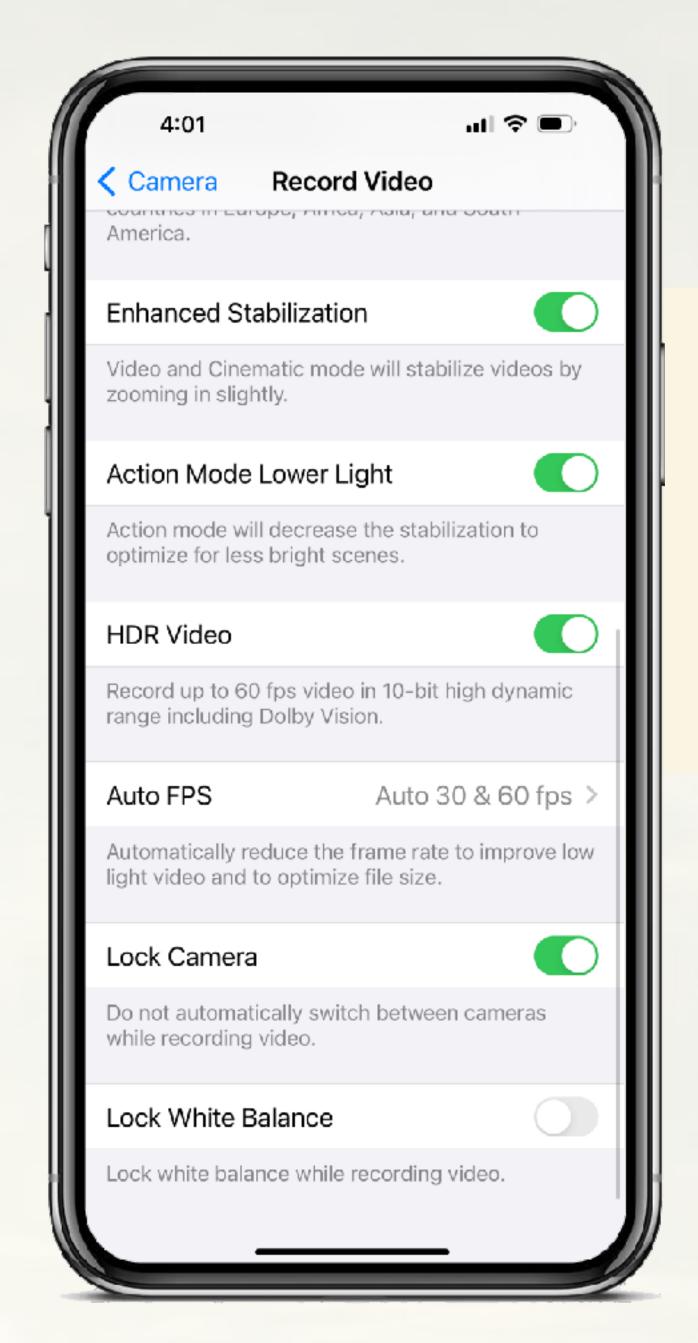


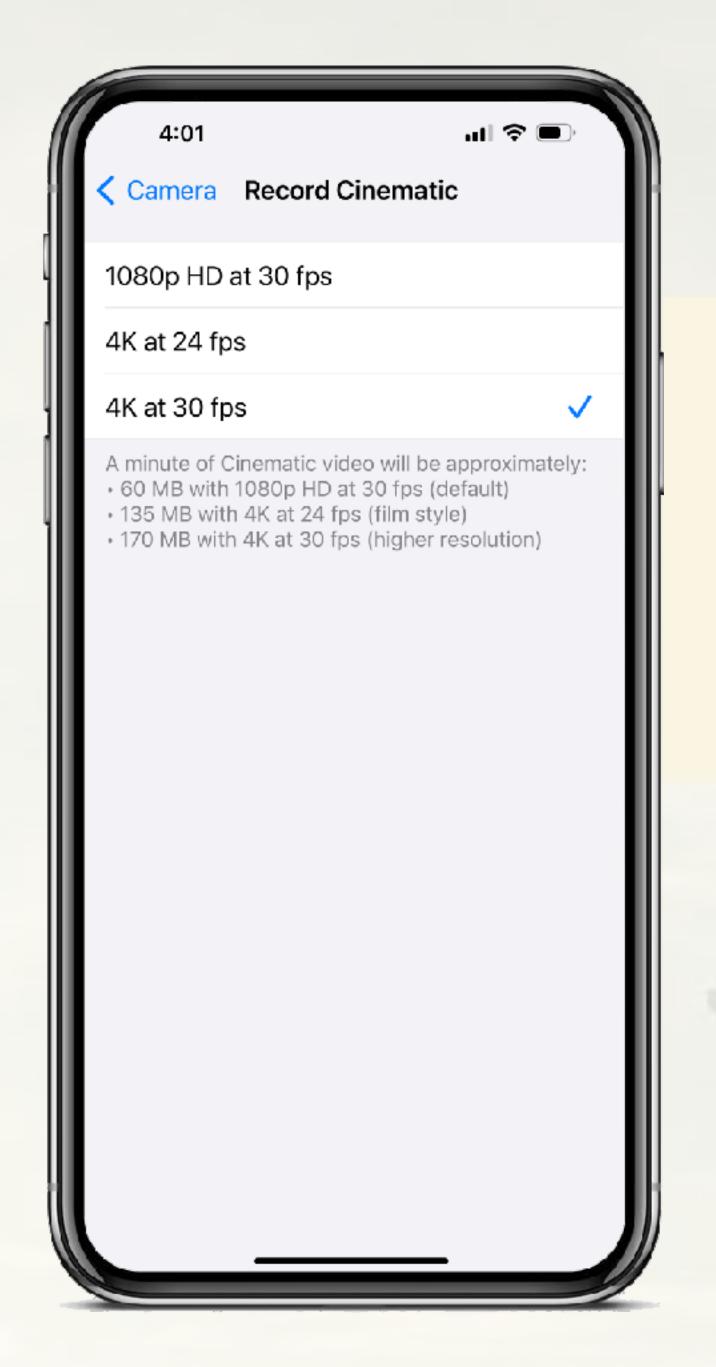


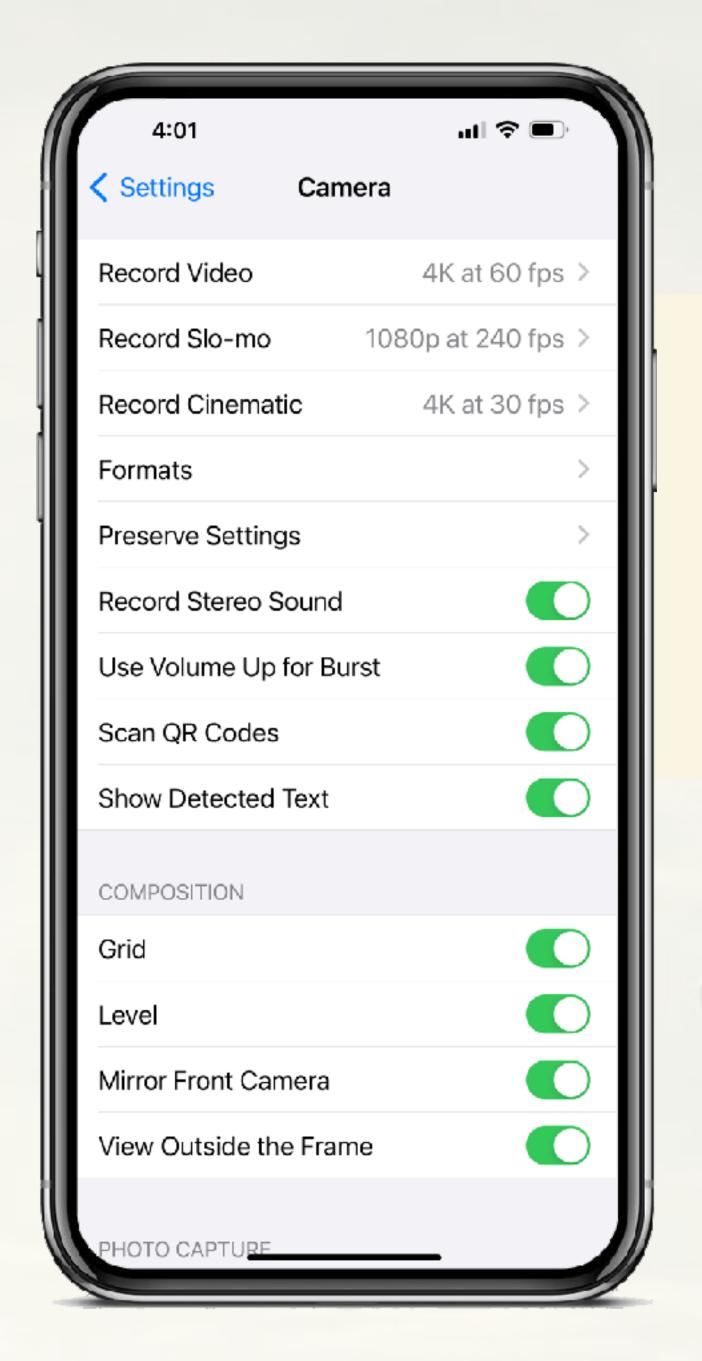


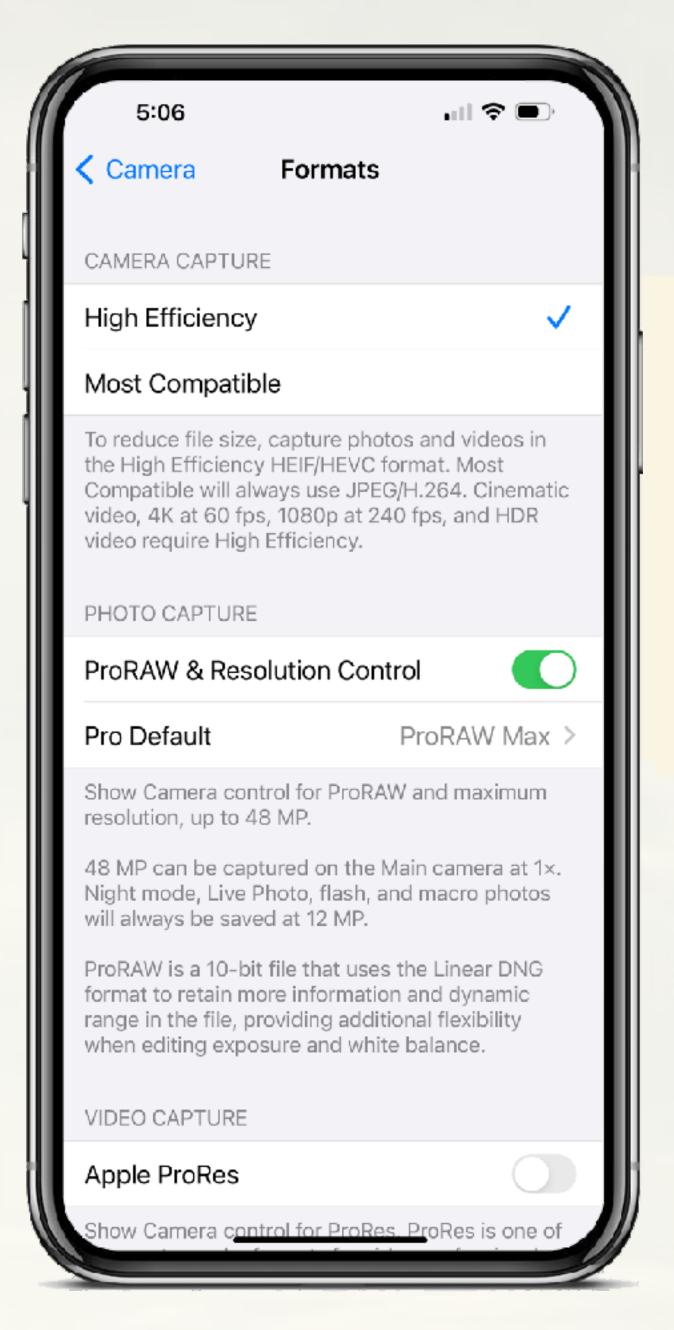












Basic overview of best settings for iPhone in regard to video recording.

#### 4:08





#### Formats

the High Efficiency HEIF/HEVC format. Most Compatible will always use JPEG/H.264. Cinematic video, 4K at 60 fps, 1080p at 240 fps, and HDR video require High Efficiency.

#### PHOTO CAPTURE

### **ProRAW & Resolution Control**



#### Pro Default

ProRAW Max >

Show Camera control for ProRAW and maximum resolution, up to 48 MP.

48 MP can be captured on the Main camera at 1×. Night mode, Live Photo, flash, and macro photos will always be saved at 12 MP.

ProRAW is a 10-bit file that uses the Linear DNG format to retain more information and dynamic range in the file, providing additional flexibility when editing exposure and white balance.

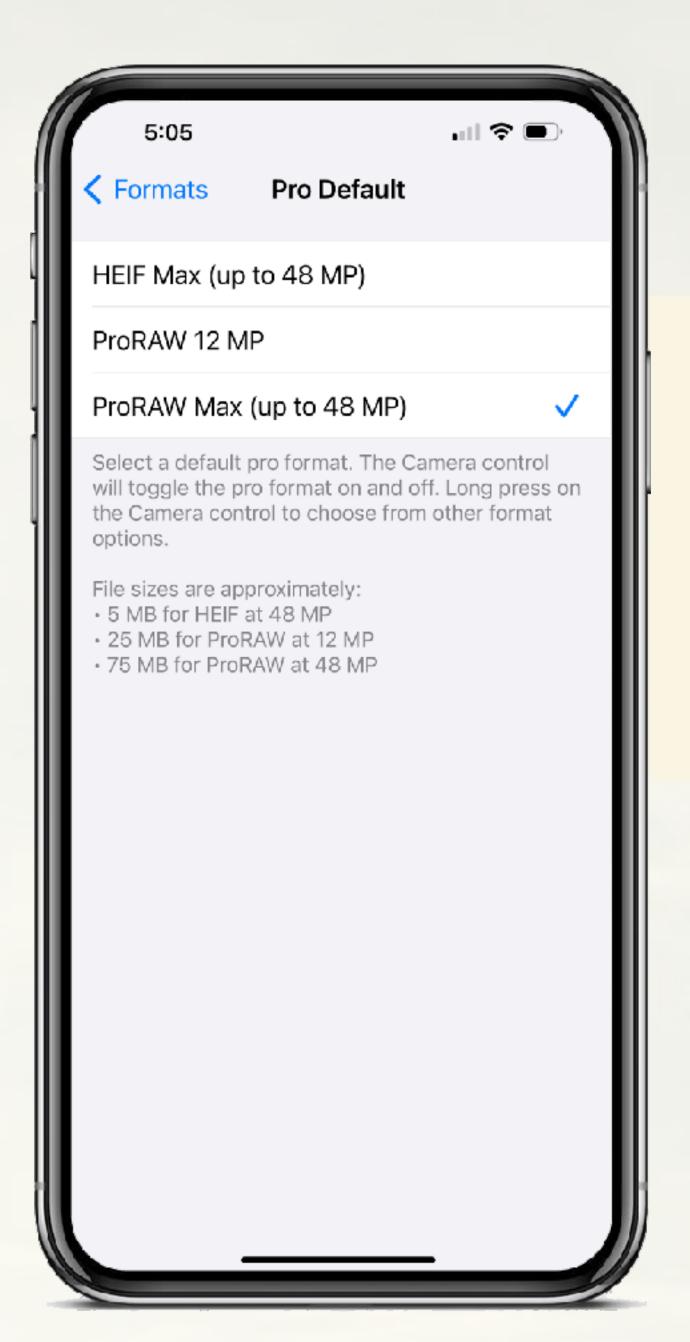
#### VIDEO CAPTURE

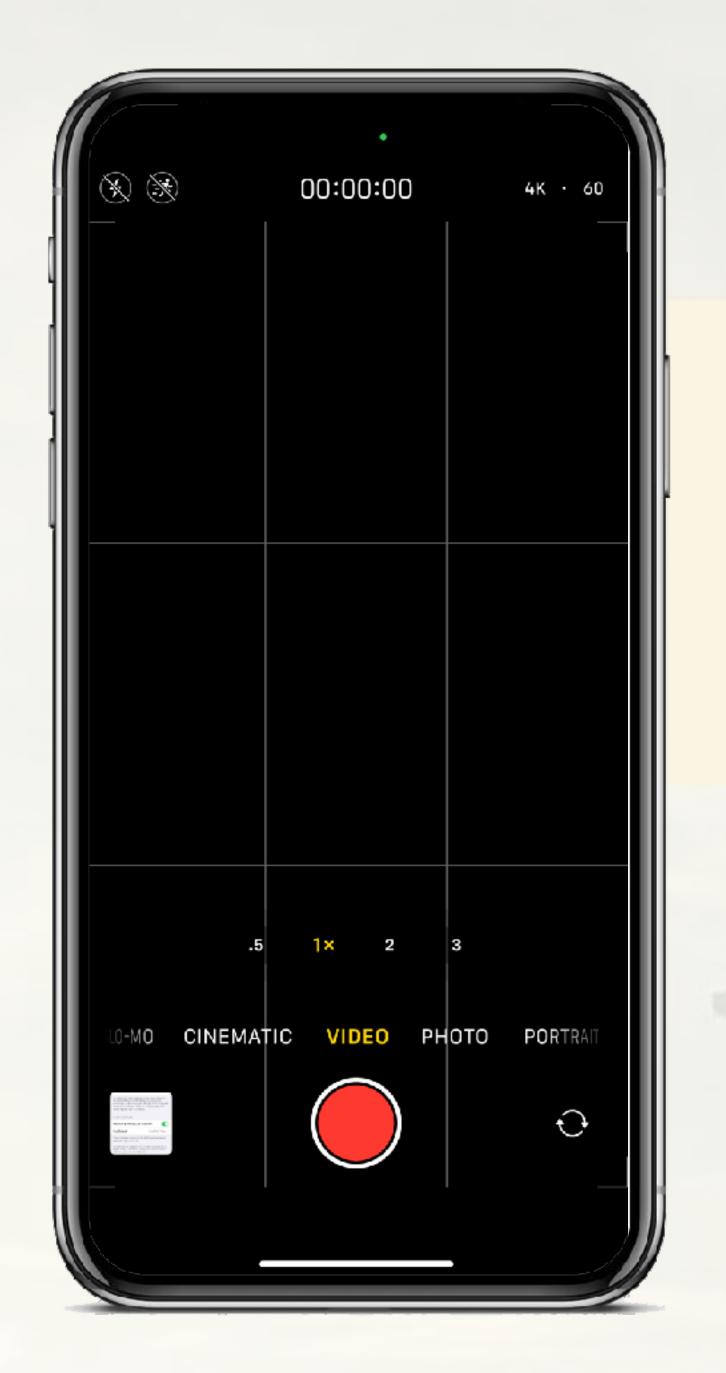
### Apple ProRes

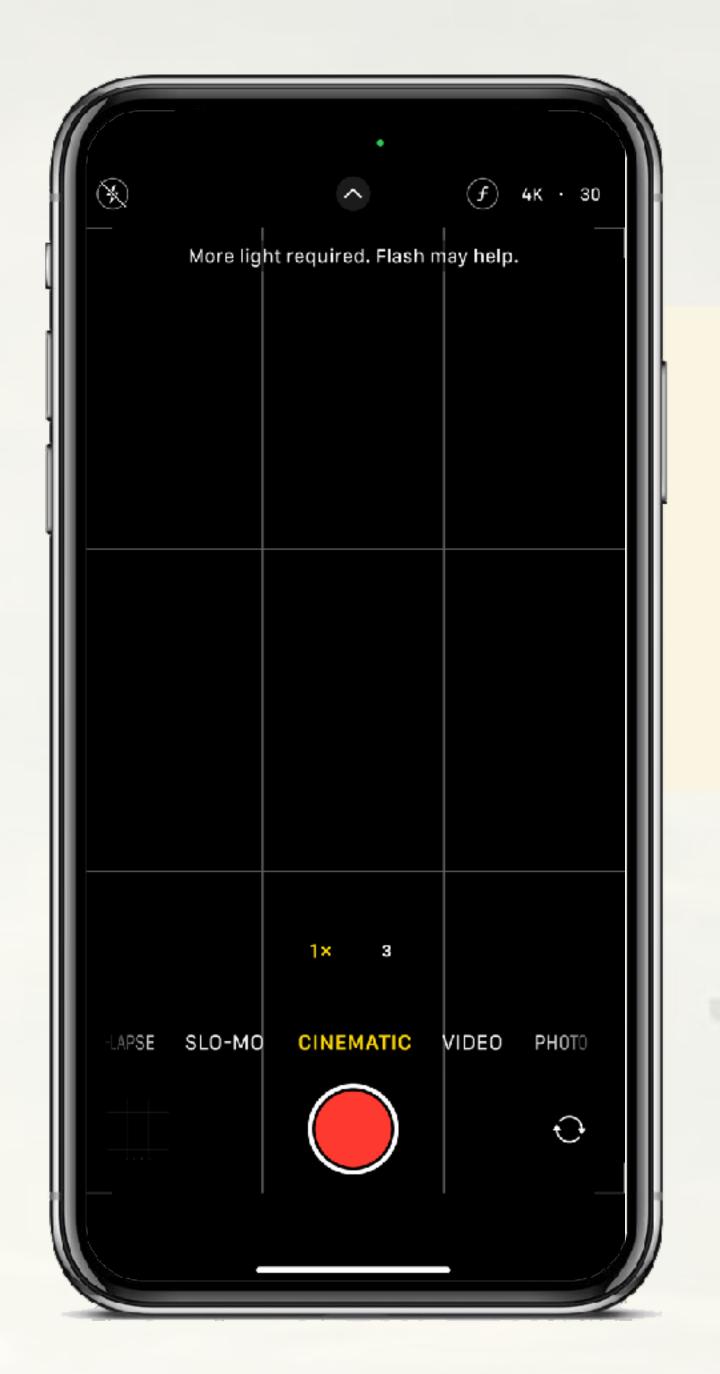


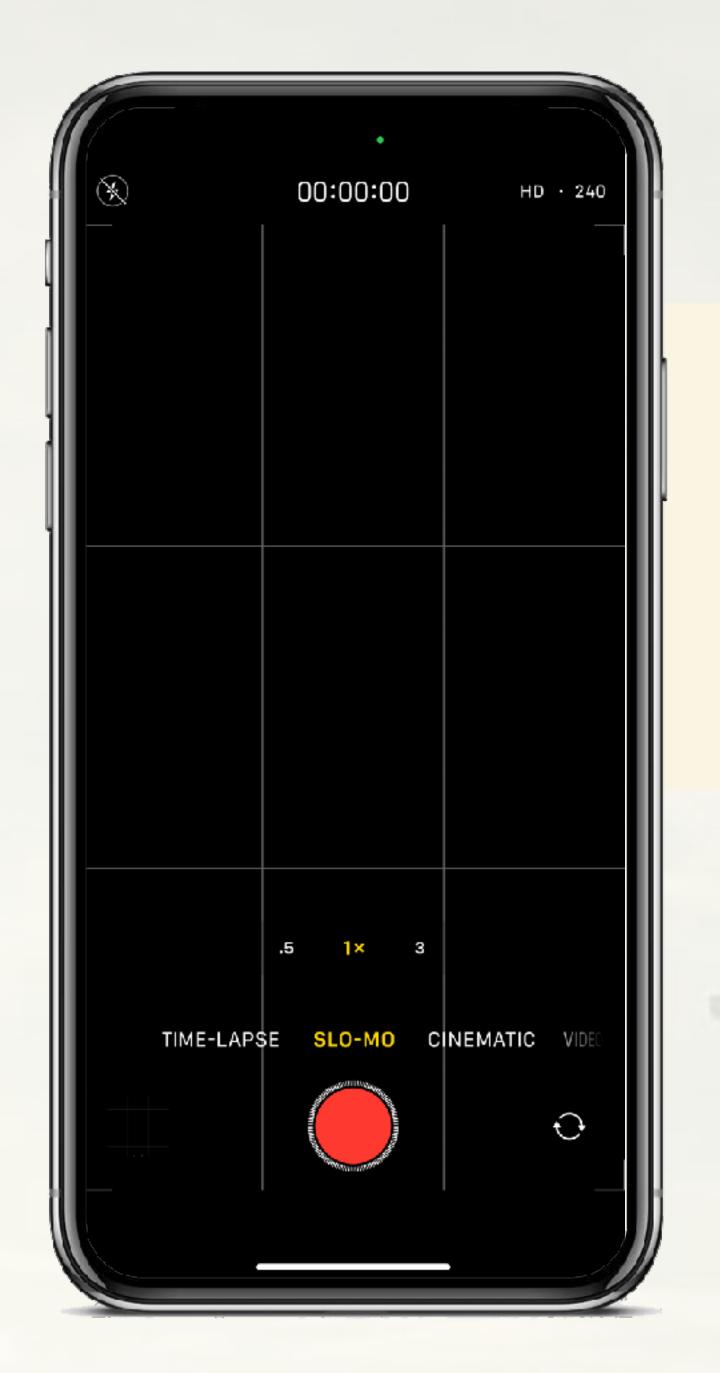
Show Camera control for ProRes. ProRes is one of the most popular formats for video professional post-production. A minute of 10-bit HDR ProRes is approximately 1.7 GB for 30 fps at 1080p and 6 GB for 30 fps at 4K.

ProRes capture is supported for up to 30 fps at 4K and up to 60 fps at 1080p.





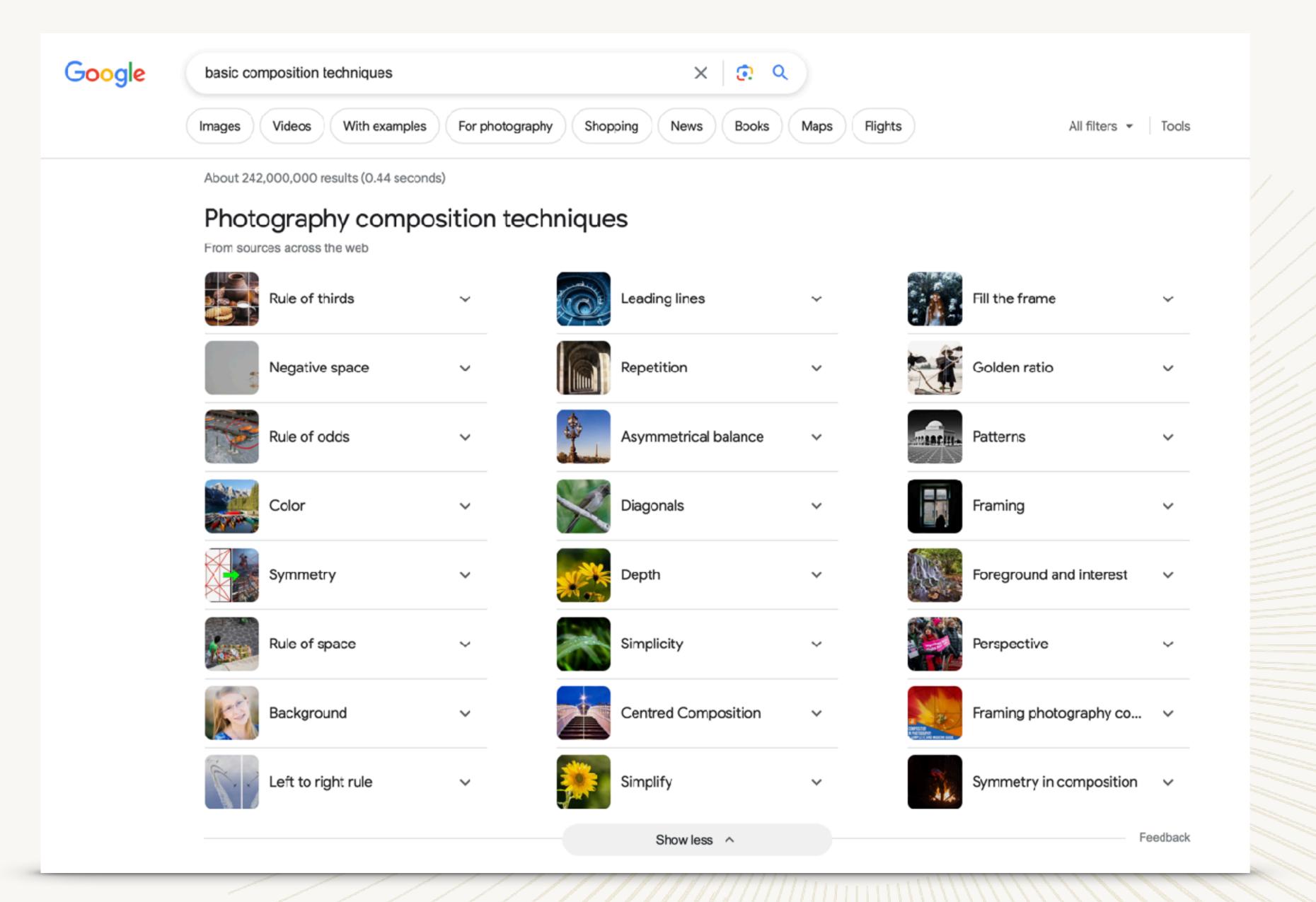






# Composition & Framing

Basic composition rules & the importance of framing



## Rule of Thirds | The Grid

One of the most basic and widely used compositional rules. The frame is divided into nine equal segments by two vertical and two horizontal lines. Placing important elements along these lines or at their intersections creates a more balanced and engaging scene.



### **Leading Lines**

This composition uses natural lines within the scene, such as roads, fences, or the direction of light, to lead the viewer's eye towards the main subject or focal point. It creates a sense of depth and perspective.

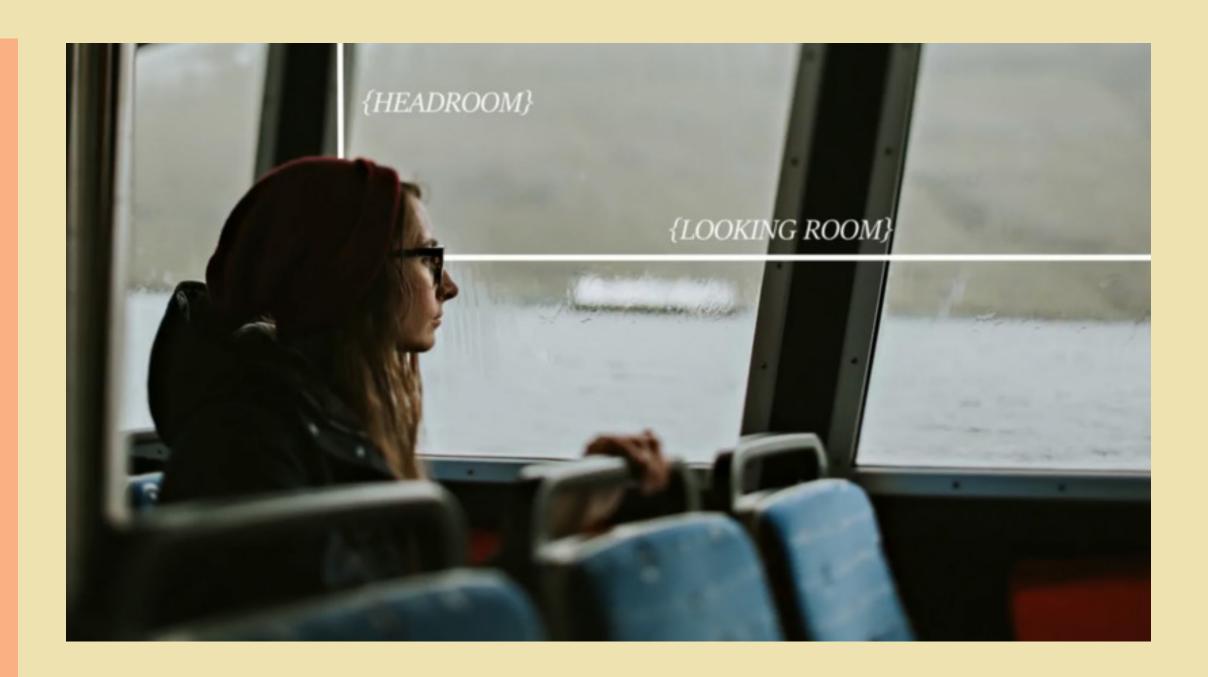


### **Headroom and Lead Room**

Headroom refers to the space between the top of the subject's head and the top of the frame.

Lead room, on the other hand, involves leaving space in front of a subject that is moving or looking towards the side of the frame.

Both are essential for creating a balanced composition that feels natural.



### Framing

Using elements within the scene to frame the subject can add depth and interest to a shot. This could be through architectural elements, natural frames like tree branches, or even other characters. Framing helps isolate the subject and can make a scene more visually compelling.



### **Employing the Rules of Composition**

Objective: Apply composition and lighting techniques in your shots.

Task: Teams film a series of short scenes (30 seconds in length) using the 5 different composition rules from the previous slides.

Consider your available light, camera focus, exposure and camera stability.





## Establishing Shot (ES)

Establishing shots introduce new scenes and tell the viewer where and when the action is happening. They can also set up a point of view or help develop character.



Wide Shot (WS)

Captures the subject in their entirety along with their surrounding environment. It sets the scene and context.



Medium Shot (MS)

Shows the subject from the waist up. This is great for showing some background while keeping the focus on the subject.



Medium Close-Up Shot (MCU)

Shot whose scale is between MS and CU: a character shown from shoulder level up



Close-Up Shot (CU)

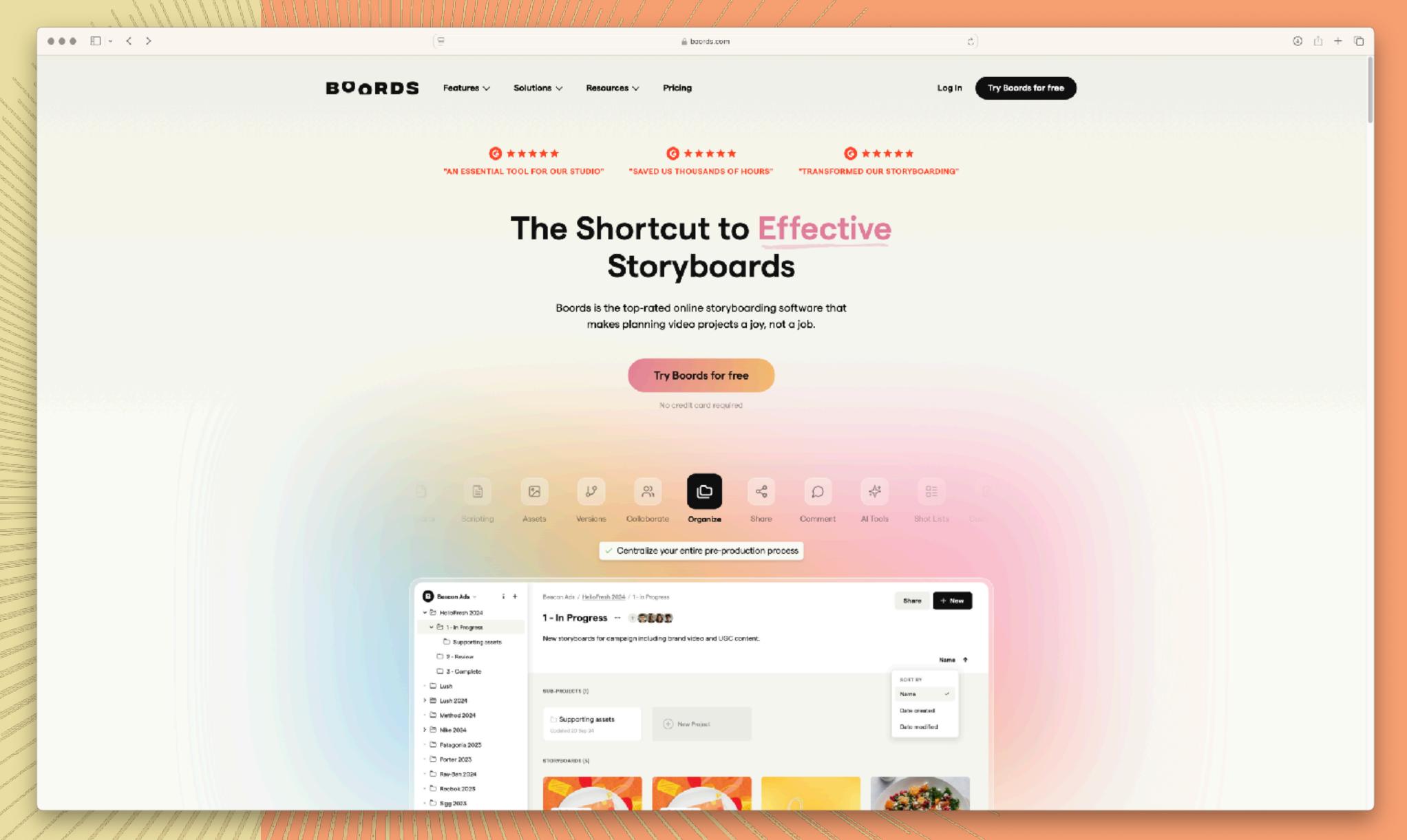
Focuses closely on a subject or object to capture details, emotions, or important elements.

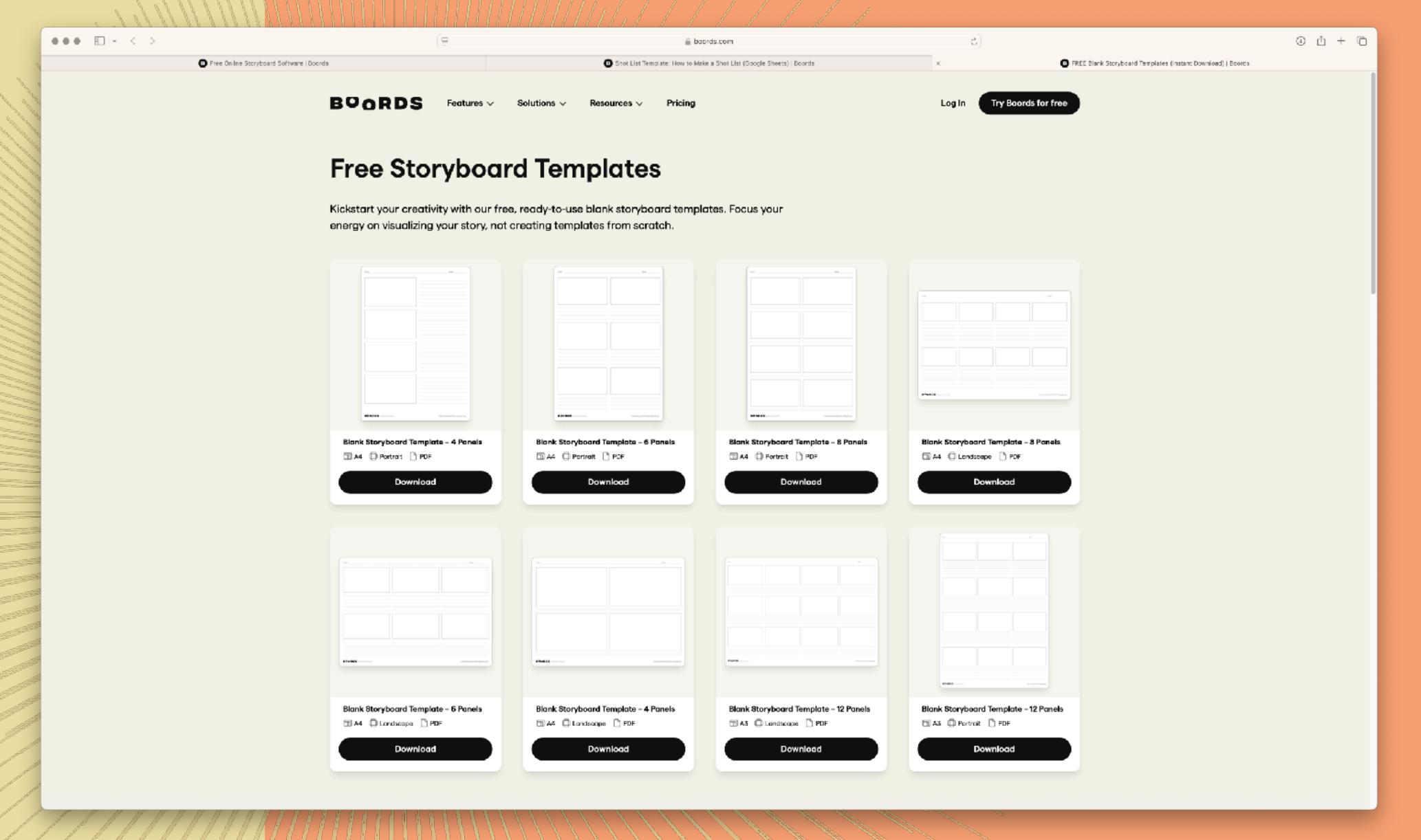


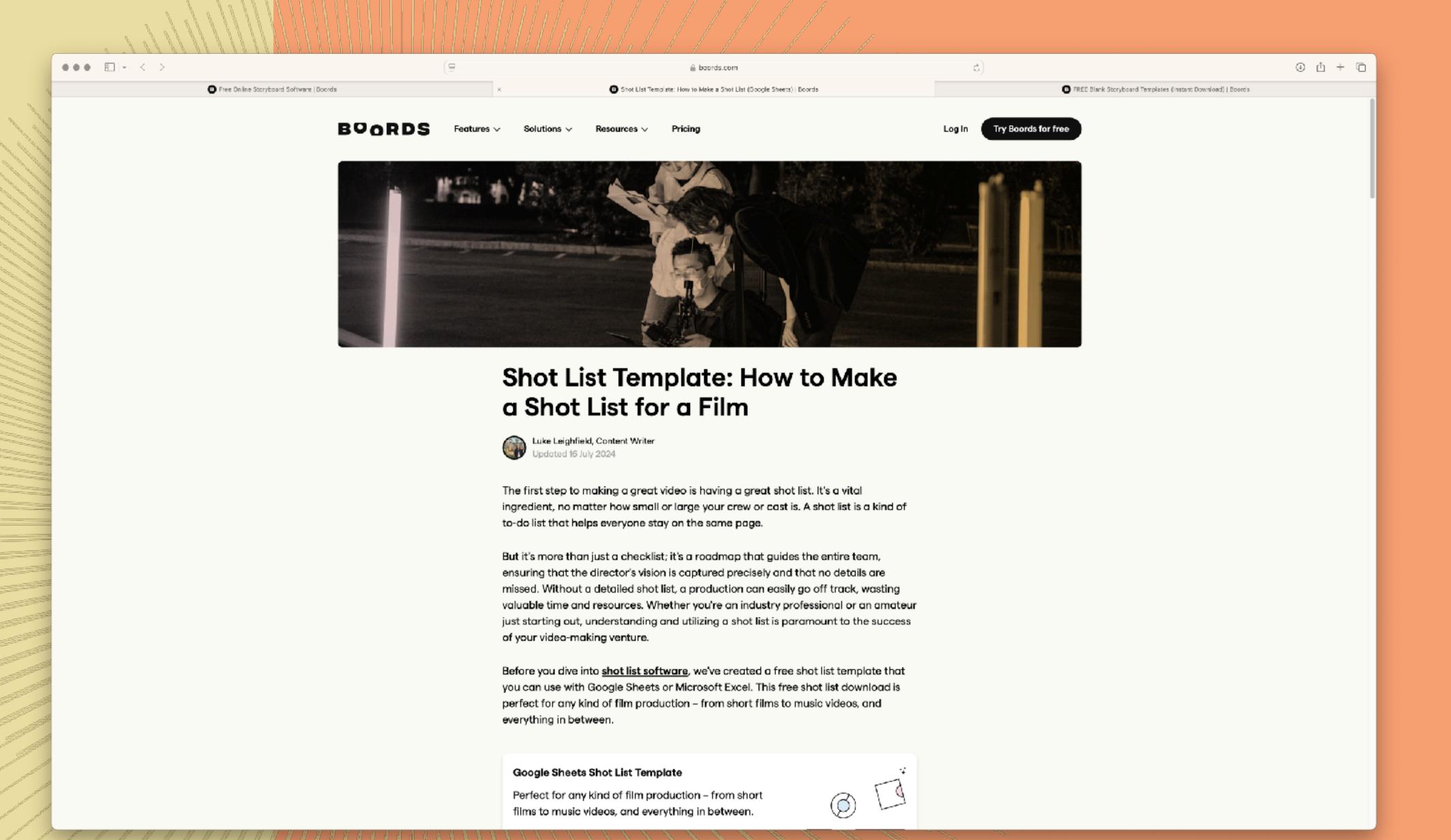
Over-the-Shoulder Shot (OTS)

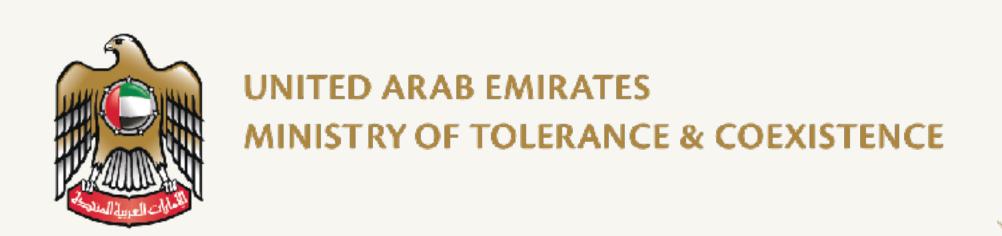
Shot from behind a person looking over their shoulder at the subject. It's used to show perspective and to include the viewer in the conversation.











Wednesday, 26th February, 2025 6-7pm

**Editing & Polishing Final Projects** 

How to edit effectively on a mobile device or laptop.







